Corporate College[®] Technology Solutions Institute and SecureState Secure Web Application Development Training Syllabus

- Approach
 - \circ Non-Attribution
 - o Team Oriented
 - o Due Diligence
 - Business Context
- Information Security Overview
 - Security as a Lifecycle
 - Departmental Organization
 - Managing Risk
- Web Application Security Overview
 - Why Web Application Security?
 - o Securing the Tiers
 - o Terminology
 - HTTP Basics

- Attack Surfaces
 - Query String Parameters
 - Form Fields
 - Cookies
 - HTTP Methods of Interest
 - GET
 - POST
 - TRACE/TRACK
 - OPTIONS
 - PUT
- Assessing Web Applications
 - Scoping
 - o Testing Methodologies
 - Black Box
 - Grey Box
 - White Box
 - Environments
 - o Timing
- OWASP Open Web Application Security Project
 - o What is it?
 - Projects/Tools
 - o Top 10 2007
 - Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
 - Cross-Site Tracing (XST)
 - Clipboard Access
 - Injection Flaws
 - CRLF Injection/HTTP Response Splitting
 - OS Command Injection
 - XML/XSLT/XPATH Injection

- HTML Injection
- ORM Injection
- SSI Injection
- IMAP/SMTP Injection
- LDAP Injection
- SQL Injection
- Malicious File Execution
 - Directory Traversal
 - Local File Inclusion
 - Remote File Inclusion
 - HTTP PUT Method
 - File Upload
 - FrontPage Remote Authoring
 - WebDAV Internet Explorer
- Insecure Direct Object Reference
- Cross-Site Request Forgery
- Information Leakage and Improper Error Handling
 - Default Files
 - Behavioral Error Messages
- Broken Authentication and Session Management
 - Session Management
 - Session Replay Attacks
 - Predictable Session ID's
 - Session Fixation
- Insecure Cryptographic Storage
 - Plaintext Storage
 - Encoding versus Encryption
 - Algorithms
 - \circ Substitution
 - Encoding
 - Base64 ViewState
 - Encryption
 - Salted
 - Unsalted
 - Hashing Cain
 - Encoding Cisco Type 7 Password
 - Caching
- Insecure Communications
 - PlainText Protocols
 - Wardriving/Warchalking
 - Cookies
 - Secure Attribute
 - Persistent/Non-Persistent
 - o httpOnly
 - Secure Sockets Layer
 - o Protocol Versions

- Cipher Suites
- Failure to Restrict URL Access
 - Security by Obscurity
- Other Issues
 - Poor Programming
 - Broken Business Logic
 - Denial of Service
 - Malformed Input
 - Resources not Properly Released
 - Memory Leaks
 - Race Conditions
 - Legitimate Request Flood
 - o Signedness
 - Format String Vulnerabilities
 - Canonicalization
 - o NULL Strings
 - Buffer Overflows
 - Integer Overflows
 - Storage of Unnecessary Information
 - o Pseudo Random Number Generators
 - o Logging
- Tools Used
 Cor
 - Commercial
 - AppScan
 - WebInspect
 - o Free
 - Open Source
 - o Custom
 - o Benefits/Advantages
 - o Individual Tools
- Ways to Improve Web Application Security
 - Proactive Measures
 - Reactive Measures

Selected components of this syllabus will be highlighted during the one-day training session. Participants interested in a deep dive across all topics can participate in an expanded two- or three-day version later in the calendar year.